

FOR INFORMATION

TO

PUBLIC

OPEN SESSION

10:	Business Board
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PRESENTER:	Sheila Brown, Chief Financial Officer
CONTACT INFO:	416-978-2065, sheila.brown@utoronto.ca
DATE:	May 27, 2020 for June 18, 2020

AGENDA ITEM:

ITEM IDENTIFICATION:

Debt Policy Limit, Debt Allocations, Outstanding Debt Issued and Status of the Long Term Borrowing Pool to April 30, 2020

JURISDICTIONAL INFORMATION:

8

Pursuant to Section 5 (1.) (b.) of the Business Board *Terms of Reference*, the Business Board has responsibility for reviewing regular reports on matters affecting the finances of the University and on financial programs and transactions.

GOVERNANCE PATH:

1. Business Board [for information] (June 18, 2020)

PREVIOUS ACTION TAKEN:

The Business Board approved the current debt strategy on November 5, 2012. The Business Board had approved external debt of \$712.7 million and an internal debt limit at 40% of the Expendable Funds Investment Pool ("EFIP"). On October 7, 2019, the Business Board approved the University funds investment policy, whereby the allocation from EFIP for internal loans was set at 25% of the EFIP balance at April 30.

HIGHLIGHTS:

This report provides an update on the total debt limit (as per debt policy approved in November 2012) based on the financial results at April 30, 2020. It compares the updated total debt limit to the total debt allocated by the Business Board and the outstanding debt undertaken by the University as at April 30, 2020. It also provides an update on the actual debt burden ratio and viability ratio based on financial results at April 30, 2020 as compared to the policy ratios.

Finally, it provides an update of the status of the long-term borrowing pool ("LTBP"), which is the University's internal sinking fund that accumulates funds for repayments of debentures issued. A summary of these results is provided in the table below. Appendix I attached is the regular status report on debt to April 30, 2020.

	of Debt at Ap nillions of do	· · ·		
	Total	External	Int	ernal
			Other	Pension
Total debt limit	1,845.9	1,147.5	548.4	150.0
Approved debt allocations	1,484.9	820.2	514.7	150.0
Remaining unallocated	361.0	327.3	33.7	-
Actual debt outstanding	957.6	710.0	147.6	100.0
Policy debt burden ratio	5.0%			
Actual debt burden ratio	2.9%	1.9%	0.6%	0.4%
Viability ratio - Total debt limit (desired higher than 0.8)	1.4			
Viability ratio - Actual outstanding debt	2.7			

Background

The debt strategy approved by the Business Board on November 5, 2012 included the following elements:

- the total debt limit is calculated based on a 5% debt burden ratio (interest plus principal repayment divided by total expenditures adjusted for depreciation and non-funded pension expense);
- debt includes all long-term external and internal borrowed funds (with fungibility between them) obtained by any means and excludes letters and lines of credit and all short-term and medium term internal financing for purposes such as fund deficits;
- the internal debt component is limited to 40% of the Expendable Funds Investment Pool ("EFIP"), defined as internal debt outstanding divided by audited April 30 EFIP balance plus internal debt outstanding;

Business Board, June 18, 2020: Debt Policy Limit, Debt Allocations, Outstanding Debt Issued and Status of the Long Term Borrowing Pool to April 30, 2020

- the viability ratio (expendable resources divided by debt) is used as a secondary monitoring ratio, so that if the viability ratio related to the debt policy limit is below 0.8, consideration will be given to moderating the debt policy limit;
- credit ratings will continue to be excluded from policy determination because they are subject to many external factors, including changes in rating agency methodologies over time;
- borrowing method (e.g. private placement or other method) continues to be determined by the senior officer responsible for financial matters;
- principal and interest repayments related to bullet debenture borrowing will continue to be placed in the LTBP, or other sinking fund mechanism, and, together with investment income, be used to pay periodic interest payments to lenders, and to pay issue and ongoing administrative costs, with the expectation that the net sum from these additions and drawdowns will be sufficient to repay the bullet debentures at maturity; and
- borrowing will continue to be managed within the University through an internal loan programme that blends both external and internal financing sources. Projects and divisions assume amortizing loans with fixed repayment terms, and make regular principal and interest payments on these loans.

Update to April 30, 2020 (see appendix II for calculations):

- The debt burden ratio based on actual outstanding debt was 2.9% (\$90.2 million of total interest and principal divided by \$3.1 billion of expenditures), which is 2.1% lower than the policy debt burden ratio of 5%. The viability ratio based on actual debt outstanding was 2.7, which is higher (and therefore better) than the desired lower threshold of 0.8.
- Based on actual expenditures at April 30, 2020, a 5% policy debt burden ratio resulted in a total debt limit of \$1.8 billion. Had the University issued a total of \$1.8 billion in debt at April 30, 2020, the viability ratio would have been 1.4, which is higher (and therefore better) than the desired lower threshold of 0.8.
- Total debt outstanding of \$957.6 million consisted of:
 - \$710 million of external debt (reported as \$709 million in the financial statements after the application of accounting rules which netted unamortized discounts and premium) consisting of debentures series A to E.
 - \$247.6 million of internal debt of which \$100 million relates to pensions.
- The LTBP accumulates funds for repayment of the debentures. At April 30, 2020, the LTBP assets amounted to \$411.5 million, consisting of principal repayments of \$374.4 million and \$37.1 million of internally restricted net assets. Internally restricted net assets mainly represent the difference between cumulative investment earnings from LTBP (including interest collected from internal loans) and cumulative interest payments made to bond holders. The income statement and balance sheet for the LTBP are attached as appendix III.

Our credit ratings continue to be strong investment grade credit ratings (Moody's stable Aa1, S&P stable AA+, and DBRS Limited stable AA).

FINANCIAL AND/OR PLANNING IMPLICATIONS:

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RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED:

Appendix I – Status Report on Debt to April 30, 2020 Appendix II – Debt Burden and Viability Ratios Appendix III – Long-Term Borrowing Pool Financial Statements

University of Toronto Status Report on Debt to April 30, 2020

		External	Internal (Component
Financial Ratios in accordance with Policy	Total	Component	Other Debt	Pension Debt
Debt burden ratios:				
Debt policy limit at April 30, 2020	5.0%			
Actual debt outstanding at April 30, 2020	2.9%	1.9%	0.6%	0.4%
Viability ratios:				
Debt policy limit at April 30, 2020	1.4			
Actual debt outstanding at April 30, 2020	2.7	3.7	17.7	26.2
Monitoring debt burden + pension special payments				
Actual debt outstanding at April 30, 2020 plus minimum required special				
pension payments as % of total expenditures	5.5%			

	Total in	External	Internal (Component
Debt Policy Limit April 30, 2020	Millions	Component	Other Debt	Pension Debt
Debt Policy Limit	1,845.9	1,147.5	548.4	150.0
	Total in	External	Internal C	Component
Allocations	Millions	Component	Other Debt	Pension Debt
Opening balance at March 31, 2020	1,458.5	821.6	486.9	150.0
Approved by Business Board on April 28, 2020	90.8		90.8	-
Change of allocation on previously approved projects	(0.5)		(0.5)	
Repayment of EFIP and other external debt that can be reallocated	(63.9)	(1.4)	(62.5)	-
Closing balance at April 30, 2020	1,484.9	820.2	514.7	150.0
Unallocated	361.0	327.3	33.7	-

	Total in	External	Internal C	Component
Actual Debt Outstanding	Millions	Component	Other Debt	Pension Debt
Opening balance at March 31, 2020				
Debentures due 2031 to 2051	710.0	710.0		
Other external debt	1.0	1.0		
Internal debt	257.3		156.8	100.5
	968.3	711.0	156.8	100.5
Changes	(10.7)	(1.0)	(9.2)	(0.5)
Closing balance at April 30, 2020	957.6	710.0	147.6	100.0

Definitions:

Debt includes all long-term external and internal borrowed funds obtained by any means (e.g. debentures, bank loans) and excludes letters and lines of credit and all short-term and medium term internal financing for purposes such as construction financing and fund deficits.

Debt burden ratio, key determinant of debt policy limit, equals interest plus principal divided by total expenditures.

Debt policy limit is the maximum debt that can be taken on based on a debt burden ratio of 5%.

Viability ratio, to be taken into consideration in setting debt policy limit, equals expendable resources divided by debt. The debt strategy has set a preference of a viability ratio of 0.8 or greater.

Allocations include borrowing approved by Business Board, plus contingency for donations targets and pledges.

Actual debt outstanding is the sum of internal loans issued from internal debt plus actual external debt issuance.

Debt Burden Ratio (Ap	oril 30, 2020)			
Debt = Princ	ipal + Interest			
	Expenditures			
		(in Mil	lions)	
	External	Internal	Internal	Ext + Int
	Debt	Pension	other	Debt
Principal Payment	20.5	5.9	9.9	36.3
Interest Payment	38.2	6.1	9.6	53.9
Total Principal & Interest (April 30, 2020)	58.7	12.0	19.5	90.2
Total Expenses (April 30, 2020)	3,184.8	3,184.8	3,184.8	3,184.8
Less amortization	(201.4)	(201.4)	(201.4)	(201.4)
Plus Principal payments	20.5	5.9	9.9	36.3
Employee future benefits funding in excess of expense	68.3	68.3	68.3	68.3
Total Expenditures at April 30, 2020	3,072.2	3,057.6	3,061.6	3,088.0
Debt Burden Ratios:	1.9%	0.4%	0.6%	2.9%

Monitoring Debt Burden + pension special payments (April 30, 2020)

Debt=Principal + Interest + Minimum Required Special Payments for PensionBurdenTotal Expenditures

		(in Mil	lions)	
	External	Internal	Internal	Ext + Int
	Debt	Pension	other	Debt
Principal Payment	20.5	5.9	9.9	36.3
Interest Payment	38.2	6.1	9.6	53.9
Total Principal & Interest (April 30, 2020)	58.7	12.0	19.5	90.2
Minimum required special pension payments		78.9		78.9
Total Principal & Interest (April 30, 2020) + Special	58.7	90.9	19.5	169.1
Total Expenses (April 30, 2020)	3,184.8	3,184.8	3,184.8	3,184.8
Less amortization	(201.4)	(201.4)	(201.4)	(201.4)
Plus Principal payments	20.5	5.9	9.9	36.3
Pension expense in excess of funding	68.3	68.3	68.3	68.3
Total Expenditures at April 30, 2020	3,072.2	3,057.6	3,061.6	3,088.0
Debt Burden Ratios:	1.9%	2.9%	0.6%	5.5%

Viability Ratio (April 30, 2020)

Viability Ratio

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Expendable resources (see list below)

Debt

		(in Mil	lions)	
	External	Internal	Internal	Ext + Int
	Debt	Pension	Other	Debt
Expendable resources (April 30, 2020):				
Deficit	(124.0)	(124.0)	(124.0)	(124.0)
Internally restricted endowments	376.9	376.9	376.9	376.9
Deferred Contributions	700.3	700.3	700.3	700.3
Internally restricted cash reserves				
Capital projects and infrastructure reserves	1,073.0	1,073.0	1,073.0	1,073.0
Operating contingency reserves	278.0	278.0	278.0	278.0
Research support	213.0	213.0	213.0	213.0
Student assistance	56.0	56.0	56.0	56.0
Pension plan reserve	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.0
Departmental trust funds	93.0	93.0	93.0	93.0
Other funds	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
Internal loan for Pension Funding	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)
Total expendable resources at April 30, 2020	2,617.2	2,617.2	2,617.2	2,617.2
	External	Internal	Internal	Ext + Int
	Debt	Pension	Other	Debt
Total Debt at April 30, 2020	710.0	100.0	147.7	957.7
Viability Ratios	3.7	26.2	17.7	2.7

Debt	=			Principal + Interest	t		
Burden				Total Expenditures	5		
						(in Millions)	
Total Expenses						3,184.8	
Less Depreciation	on					(201.4)	
Plus Principal pa	ayments					36.3	
Pension and Ot	her Employe	e Future Benefi	its fundinរួ	g in excess of expens	ses	68.3	
Total Expenditu	ires					3,088.0	(a)
Debt Burden Ra	atio of					5.0%	(b)
Represents tota	al Principal ar	nd Interest at 5	% debt bu	rden		154.4	(a) x (b)
Less 12 months	s of principal	+ Interest on o	outstandin	g average debt		(86.2)	
Additional Princ	cipal + Interes	st that UofT ca	n afford			68.2	
			-	aximum of 25% of nterest rate of 5.5%	5:	33.2	
				l assuming that it w l principal payments			
		Principal	+	Interest	=		
	ſ	Debt	ſ	Debt x 5.5%			
		40 years	+	Debt x 5.5%	=	35.0	
						68.2	
Summary:							
Additional inter	nal debt that	: UofT can affoi	rd			450.7	
Additional exte						437.5	
						888.2	
Plus actual outs	tanding inter	nal debt				247.7	
Plus actual outs	-					710.0	
Maximum debt	that UofT ca	n borrow at 5%	6 debt bur	den ratio		1,845.9	

Maximum Debt Policy Limit at 5% Debt Burden Ratio (April 30, 2020)

Sensitivity Analysis:

If the borrowing rate is increased to 6%, the debt limit would be reduced by \$45.1 million

* University of Ottawa issued a 40 year debenture in Februrary 2020 at 2.635%

Long Term Borrowing Pool (LTBP) For the year ended April 30

Income Statement (in millions)					
	2020	2019			
Net investment (loss) income on LTBP investments	(5.6)	18.3			
Interest income from internal loans	20.5	24.0			
Fees and amortization of issue costs	(0.2)	(0.2)			
Interest payments to bond holders	(38.0)	(38.0)			
Change in internally restricted net assets	(23.3)	4.1			
Internally restricted net assets, opening balance	60.4	56.3			
Internally restricted net assets, closing balance	37.1	60.4			
Balance Sheet (in millions)					
	2020	2019			
Assets					
LTBP investments ¹	410.5	396.8			
Unamortized issue costs and premium (prepaid expenses)	1.0	1.0			
	411.5	397.8			

Principal collected to date and payable to bondholders on various maturity dates	374.4	337.4
Net assets Internally restricted net assets	37.1 411.5	60.4 397.8
¹ LTBP investments, which are mainly offset by accumulated amortization of capital assets financed by the debentures, are reported in UofT's financial statements as follows: Investments (LTCAP)	<u>2020</u> 401.1	2019 367.0