

FOR INFORMATION	PUBLIC	OPEN SESSION
TO:	Business Board	
SPONSOR: CONTACT INFO:	Sheila Brown, Chief Financial Officer 416-978-2065, <u>sheila.brown@utoronto.ca</u>	
PRESENTER: CONTACT INFO:	Same as above	
DATE:	June 1, 2018 for June 19, 2018	
AGENDA ITEM:	4	

## **ITEM IDENTIFICATION:**

Debt Policy Limit, Debt Allocations, Outstanding Debt Issued and Status of the Long Term Borrowing Pool to April 30, 2018

## JURISDICTIONAL INFORMATION:

Pursuant to Section 5 (1.) (b.) of the Business Board *Terms of Reference*, the Business Board has responsibility for reviewing regular reports on matters affecting the finances of the University and on financial programs and transactions.

#### **GOVERNANCE PATH:**

#### 1. Business Board [for information] (June 19, 2018)

#### **PREVIOUS ACTION TAKEN:**

The Business Board approved a new debt strategy on November 5, 2012. The Business Board had approved external debt of \$712.7 million and internal debt of \$200.0 million over the period of January 2001 to February 2009; and in January 2011, it approved an additional \$150 million internal debt reserved for pensions. Prior to 2001, the University had approved outstanding long-term debt of \$61.2 million.

#### HIGHLIGHTS:

This report provides an update on the total debt limit (as per debt policy approved in November 2012) based on the financial results at April 30, 2018. It compares the updated total debt limit to the total debt allocated by the Business Board and the outstanding debt undertaken by the University as at April 30, 2018. It also provides an update on the actual debt burden ratio and viability ratio based on financial results at April 30, 2018 as compared to the policy ratios.

Finally, it provides an update of the status of the long-term borrowing pool ("LTBP"), which is the University's internal sinking fund that accumulates funds for repayments of debentures issued. A summary of these results is provided in the table below. Appendix I attached is the regular status report on debt to April 30, 2018.

Summary of Debt at April 30, 2018 (in millions of dollars)							
	Total	External Internal					
			Other	Pension			
Total debt limit	1,571.0	1,221.0	200.0	150.0			
Approved debt allocations	1,244.6	894.6	200.0	150.0			
Remaining unallocated	326.4	326.4	-	-			
Actual debt outstanding	1,036.5	712.0	213.0	111.5			
Policy debt burden ratio	5.0%						
Actual debt burden ratio	3.4%	2.1%	0.9%	0.4%			
Viability ratio - Total debt limit (desired higher than 0.8)	1.3						
Viability ratio - Actual outstanding debt	1.9						

# Background

The debt strategy approved by the Business Board on November 5, 2012 included the following elements:

- the total debt limit is calculated based on a 5% debt burden ratio (interest plus principal repayment divided by total expenditures adjusted for depreciation and non-funded pension expense);
- debt includes all long-term external and internal borrowed funds (with fungibility between them) obtained by any means and excludes letters and lines of credit and all short-term and medium term internal financing for purposes such as fund deficits;
- the internal debt component is limited to 40% of the Expendable Funds Investment Pool ("EFIP"), defined as internal debt outstanding divided by audited April 30 EFIP balance plus internal debt outstanding;

- the viability ratio (expendable resources divided by debt) is used as a secondary monitoring ratio, so that if the viability ratio related to the debt policy limit is below 0.8, consideration will be given to moderating the debt policy limit;
- credit ratings will continue to be excluded from policy determination because they are subject to many external factors, including changes in rating agency methodologies over time;
- borrowing method (e.g. private placement or other method) continues to be determined by the senior officer responsible for financial matters;
- principal and interest repayments related to bullet debenture borrowing will continue to be placed in the LTBP, or other sinking fund mechanism, and, together with investment income, be used to pay periodic interest payments to lenders, and to pay issue and ongoing administrative costs, with the expectation that the net sum from these additions and drawdowns will be sufficient to repay the bullet debentures at maturity; and
- borrowing will continue to be managed within the University through an internal loan programme that blends both external and internal financing sources. Projects and divisions assume amortizing loans with fixed income repayment terms, and make regular principal and interest payments on these loans.

# Update to April 30, 2018 (see appendix II for calculations):

- The debt burden ratio based on actual outstanding debt was 3.4% (\$96.8 million of total interest and principal divided by \$2.8 billion of expenditures), which is 1.6% lower than the policy debt burden ratio of 5%. The viability ratio based on actual debt outstanding was 1.9, which is higher than the desired lower threshold of 0.8.
- Based on actual expenditures at April 30, 2018, a 5% policy debt burden ratio resulted in a total debt limit of \$1.57 billion. Had the University issued a total of \$1.57 billion in debt at April 30, 2018, the viability ratio would have been 1.3, which is higher than the desired lower threshold of 0.8.
- Total debt outstanding of \$1,036.5 million consisted of:
  - \$712 million of external debt (reported as \$713 million in the financial statements due to the application of accounting rules which netted unamortized discounts and premium and adjusted swap contracts to market value), of which \$710 million represents debt issued through debentures series A to E, \$2 million represents debt issued prior to 2001.
  - o \$324.5 million of internal debt of which \$111.5 million relates to pensions.

Business Board, June 19, 2018: Debt Policy Limit, Debt Allocations, Outstanding Debt Issued and Status of the Long Term Borrowing Pool to April 30, 2018

• The LTBP accumulates funds for repayment of the debentures. At April 30, 2018, the LTBP assets amounted to \$345.5 million, consisting of principal repayments of \$289.2 million and \$56.3 million of internally restricted net assets. Internally restricted net assets mainly represent the difference between investment earnings from LTBP (including interest collected from internal loans) and interest payments made to bond holders. The income statement and balance sheet for the LTBP are attached as appendix III.

Our credit ratings continue to be strong investment grade credit ratings (Moody's Aa2, S&P AA+, and DBRS Limited AA).

# FINANCIAL AND/OR PLANNING IMPLICATIONS:

-

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

For information.

## DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED:

Appendix I – Status Report on Debt to April 30, 2018 Appendix II – Debt Burden and Viability Ratios Appendix III – Long-Term Borrowing Pool Financial Statements

# University of Toronto Status Report on Debt to April 30, 2018

		Internal Component		External	
Financial Ratios in accordance with Policy		Pension Debt	Other Debt	Component	
Debt burden ratios:					
Debt policy limit at April 30, 2018	5.0%				
Actual debt outstanding at April 30, 2018	3.4%	0.4%	0.9%	2.1%	
Viability ratios:					
Debt policy limit at April 30, 2018	1.3				
Actual debt outstanding at April 30, 2018	1.9	17.8	9.3	2.8	
Monitoring debt burden + pension special payments					
Actual debt outstanding at April 30, 2018 plus special pension payments as % of					
total expenditures	6.8%				

	Total in	Internal Component		External
Debt Policy Limit April 30, 2018	Millions	Pension Debt	Other Debt	Component
Debt Policy Limit	1,571.0	150.0	200.0	1,221.0

	Total in	Internal Component		External
Allocations	Millions	Pension Debt	Other Debt	Component
Opening balance at March 31, 2018	1,253.8	150.0	200.0	903.8
Opening balance at March 31, 2018-UTSC (R-Wing)	15.0			15.0
Approved by Business Board on April 23, 2018	-	-	-	-
Change of allocation on previously approved projects	(0.2)			(0.2)
Repayment of EFIP and other external debt that can be reallocated	(24.0)		-	(24.0)
Closing balance at April 30, 2018	1,244.6	150.0	200.0	894.6
Unallocated	326.4	-	-	326.4

	Total in	Internal Component		External
Actual Debt Outstanding	Millions	Pension Debt	Other Debt	Component
Opening balance at March 31, 2018				
Debentures due 2031 to 2051	710.0			710.0
Other external debt	24.0			24.0
Internal debt	306.5	112.0	194.5	
	1,040.5	112.0	194.5	734.0
Changes	(4.0)	(0.5)	18.5	(22.0)
Closing balance at April 30, 2018	1,036.5	111.5	213.0	712.0

#### **Definitions:**

**Debt** includes all long-term external and internal borrowed funds obtained by any means (e.g. debentures, bank loans) and excludes letters and lines of credit and all short-term and medium term internal financing for purposes such as construction financing and fund deficits.

Debt burden ratio, key determinant of debt policy limit, equals interest plus principal divided by total expenditures.

Debt policy limit is the maximum debt that can be taken on based on a debt burden ratio of 5%.

**Viability ratio**, to be taken into consideration in setting debt policy limit, equals expendable resources divided by debt. The debt strategy has set a preference of a viability ratio of 0.8 or greater.

Allocations include borrowing approved by Business Board, plus contingency for donations targets and pledges.

Actual debt outstanding is the sum of internal loans issued from internal debt plus actual external debt issuance.

# Debt Burden Ratio (April 30, 2018)

	Principal + Interest				
Bulden	Total Expenditures				
		(in Mil	lions)		
	External	Internal	Internal	Ext + Int	
	Debt	Pension	other	Debt	
Principal Payment	21.0	5.3	15.1	41.4	
Interest Payment	38.4	6.7	10.3	55.4	
Total Principal & Interest (April 30, 2018)	59.4	12.0	25.4	96.8	
Total Expenses (April 30, 2018)	2,913.9	2,913.9	2,913.9	2,913.9	
Less amortization	(178.2)	(178.2)	(178.2)	(178.2)	
Plus Principal payments	21.0	5.3	15.1	41.4	
Employee future benefits funding in excess of expense	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	
Total Expenditures at April 30, 2018	2,827.6	2,811.9	2,821.7	2,848.0	
Debt Burden Ratios:	2.1%	0.4%	0.9%	3.4%	

Monitoring Debt Burden + pension special payments (April 30, 2018)						
Debt = Burden	Principal + Interest + Special Payments for Pension Total Expenditures					
(in Millions)						
		External	Internal	Internal	Ext + Int	
		Debt	Pension	other	Debt	
Principal Paymer	21.0	5.3	15.1	41.4		
Interest Payment		38.4	6.7	10.3	55.4	
Total Principal & Interest (April 30, 2018)		59.4	12.0	25.4	96.8	
Special Payment	s for Pension		97.0		97.0	
Total Principal &	Interest (April 30, 2017) + Special	59.4	109.0	25.4	193.7	
Total Expenses (A	April 30, 2018)	2,913.9	2,913.9	2,913.9	2,913.9	
Less amortizatio	n	(178.2)	(178.2)	(178.2)	(178.2)	
Plus Principal pav	yments	21.0	5.3	15.1	41.4	
Pension expense	in excess of funding	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9	
Total Expenditur	es at April 30, 2018	2,827.6	2,811.9	2,821.7	2,848.0	
Debt Burden Rat	ios:	2.1%	3.8%	0.9%	6.8%	

Viability Ratio (April 30, 2018)						
Viability = Expendab	ole resources (see	list below)				
Ratio	Debt					
		(in Mil	lions)			
	External	Internal	Internal	Ext + Int		
	Debt	Pension	Other	Debt		
Expendable resources (April 30, 2018):						
Deficit	(67.8)	(67.8)	(67.8)	(67.8)		
Internally restricted endowments	374.9	374.9	374.9	374.9		
Deferred Contributions	616.0	616.0	616.0	616.0		
Internally restricted cash reserves						
Capital projects and infrastructure reserves	412.0	412.0	412.0	412.0		
Operating contingency reserves	455.0	455.0	455.0	455.0		
Research support	155.0	155.0	155.0	155.0		
Student assistance	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.0		
Pension plan reserve	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0		
Departmental trust funds	74.0	74.0	74.0	74.0		
Other funds	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0		
Internal loan for Pension Funding	(111.5)	(111.5)	(111.5)	(111.5)		
Total expendable resources at April 30, 2017	1,984.6	1,984.6	1,984.6	1,984.6		
	External	Internal	Internal	Ext + Int		
	Debt	Pension	Other	Debt		
Total Debt at April 30, 2017	712.0	111.5	213.0	1,036.5		
Viability Ratios	2.8	17.8	9.3	1.9		

Debt Burden	=	Principal + Interest Total Expenditures		
			(in Millions)	
Total Expenses Less Depreciat Plus Principal J Pension and O Total Expendit	ion bayments EFB fundi	ng in excess of expense	2,913.9 (178.2) 41.4 70.9 2,861.6	(a)
Debt Burden F	Ratio of		5.0%	(b)
Represents to	tal Princip	al and Interest at 5% debt burden	143.1	(a) x (b)
Less 12 montl	ns of princ	ipal + Interest on outstanding average debt	(97.8)	
Additional Prir	ncipal + Int	terest that UofT can afford	45.300	

# Maximum Debt Policy Limit at 5% Debt Burden Ratio (April 30, 2018)

Additional debt that UofT can afford assuming that it will be borrowed at an interest rate of 6.0% with equal principal payments over 40 years:

Principal	+	Interest	=	Cost of Debt (in millions)
Debt 40 years or 25 years	+	Debt x 6%	=	45.3

Therefore, additional debt equals to \$534.5

#### Summary:

Additional debt that UofT can afford	534.5
Plus actual outstanding external debt	712.0
Plus actual outstanding internal debt	324.5
Maximum debt that UofT can borrow at 5% debt burden ratio	1,571.0

# Long Term Borrowing Pool (LTBP) For the year ended April 30

Income Statement
(in millions)

	2018	2017
Net investment income on LTBP investments	20.3	35.4
Interest income from internal loans	26.1	28.5
Fees and amortization of issue costs	(0.2)	(0.2)
Interest payments to bond holders	(38.0)	(38.0)
Change in internally restricted net assets	8.2	25.7
Internally restricted net assets, opening balance	48.1	22.4
Internally restricted net assets, closing balance	56.3	48.1

Balance Sheet (in millions)		
	2018	2017
Assets		
LTBP investments <sup>1</sup>	344.4	281.3
Unamortized issue costs and premium (prepaid expenses)	1.1 345.5	1.2 282.5
Liabilities		
Principal collected to date and payable to bondholders on various maturity dates	289.2	234.4
Net assets		
Internally restricted net assets	56.3	48.1
	345.5	282.5
<sup>1</sup> LTBP investments, which are mainly offset by accumulated amortization of capital assets financed by the debentures, are reported in UofT's financial statements as follows:	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Investments (LTCAP)	329.6	271.6
Short-term investments (EFIP)	14.8	9.7 281.3
	344.4	201.5