



FOR INFORMATION PUBLIC OPEN SESSION

TO: Business Board

**SPONSOR:** Angela Hildyard, Vice-President, Human Resources & Equity

**CONTACT INFO:** 416-978-4865, angela.hildyard@utoronto.ca

**PRESENTER:** Angela Hildyard, Vice-President, Human Resources & Equity

CONTACT INFO: 416-978-4865, angela.hildyard@utoronto.ca

**DATE:** September 7, 2016 for September 22, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: 10

#### ITEM IDENTIFICATION:

Amendments to the *Policy with Respect to Workplace Harassment* (dated May 13, 2010)

#### JURISDICTIONAL INFORMATION:

Under Section 5 of its Terms of Reference, "Monitoring and recommending policy on the occupational health and safety of members of the staff of the University and other policy pertaining to the health and safety of all members of, and visitors to, the University except for those matters falling within the terms of reference of the University Affairs Board" fall within the Business Board's areas of responsibility.

Under Section 5.12 ("Health and safety") of its Terms of Reference, the Business Board also has responsibility for "approval of policies concerning the health and safety of members of the University and its visitors."

## **GOVERNANCE PATH:**

- 1. Business Board [for information] (September 22, 2016)
- 2. Executive Committee [for information] (October 19, 2016)
- 3. Governing Council [for information] (October 27, 2016)

## **PREVIOUS ACTION TAKEN:**

The *Policy with Respect to Workplace Harassment* was introduced and approved by Governing Council on May 13, 2010.

#### HIGHLIGHTS:

This policy, which was originally approved May 13, 2010, has been updated as a result of legislated amendments as outlined below, and which took effect September 8, 2016. This item is being brought forward for information only.

In March 2015, the Government of Ontario released "It's Never Okay: An Action plan to Stop Sexual Violence and Harassment." The Action Plan outlined steps to help change attitudes, provide more supports for victims, and make campuses safer and more responsive to complaints about sexual violence and harassment. These objectives were enshrined in legislation one year later, when Bill 132, Sexual Violence and Harassment Action Plan Act, 2016, received Royal Assent.

Schedule 4 of the *Act* modifies the definition of "workplace harassment" as stated in the *Occupational Health and Safety Act* (OHSA) to include "workplace sexual harassment," which is in turn defined as:

- "(a) engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace because of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression, where the course of comment or conduct is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, or
- (b) making a sexual solicitation or advance where the person making the solicitation or advance is in a position to confer, grant or deny a benefit or advancement to the worker and the person knows or ought reasonably to know that the solicitation or advance is unwelcome"

Schedule 4 also creates certain new requirements with respect to an employer's workplace harassment program and protecting employees from workplace harassment. These changes come into force on September 8, 2016.

The administration has reviewed its workplace harassment policy and program, including consulting with legal counsel, and has made the necessary amendments to comply with the legislation. The amendments presented in the revised draft *Policy* (attached) replace the previous definition of "workplace harassment" with the new definition, including "workplace sexual harassment," and add reference to the *Guideline for Employees on Concerns and Complaints regarding Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment*, thus bringing the University into compliance with the *Act* ahead of the September 8 deadline. Both guidelines that constitute the University's workplace harassment program under OHSA are also appended.

Schedule 3 of the *Act* requires all Ontario universities to have a sexual violence policy that addresses sexual violence involving students and sets out the process for how the university will respond to and address incidents and complaints of sexual violence, and to provide awareness training on the sexual violence policy to faculty, staff, students, and other members of the University community. Under the legislation, these requirements must be met by January 1, 2017. Further revision of the *Policy* and accompanying guidelines may be required in the coming months to bring them in line with the requirements under Schedule 3 of the *Act*.

The amendments presented here have been discussed with members of the UTFA executive, and are also being discussed with the United Steel Workers (USW) and Canadian Union of Public Employees (CUPE).

F	Ш	NA	٩N	ICI <i>A</i>	٩L	IME	<b>2</b> L	ICA	TI	О	NS	:
---	---	----	----	--------------	----	-----	------------	-----	----	---	----	---

Not applicable.

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

# **DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED:**

- Policy with Respect to Workplace Harassment (dated May 31, 2016)
- Human Resources Guideline on Civil Conduct (dated August 4, 2016)
- Guideline for Employees on Concerns and Complaints Regarding Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment (dated August 4, 2016)

#### POLICY WITH RESPECT TO WORKPLACE HARASSMENT

The University of Toronto is committed to creating a workplace that is free of workplace harassment. Workplace harassment is defined in the *Occupational Health and Safety Act* as:

- (a) engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, or
- (b) workplace sexual harassment.

"Workplace sexual harassment" means,

- (a) engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace because of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression, where the course of comment or conduct is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, or
- (b) making a sexual solicitation or advance where the person making the solicitation or advance is in a position to confer, grant or deny a benefit or advancement to the worker and the person knows or ought reasonably to know that the solicitation or advance is unwelcome;

This Policy applies to activities that occur while on University of Toronto premises and to work- related activities or social events occurring off-campus.

If you are the victim of workplace harassment please contact one of the following:

- Your supervisor
- Your human resources office (see http://www.hrandequity.utoronto.ca/about/divisional.htm for a list of HR offices and their contact information)

In addition, employees who are represented by a union or association may also contact their union/association.

#### Penalty

Any employee who subjects another employee to workplace harassment may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including the termination of his/her employment.

A student who subjects any employee to workplace harassment will be subject to penalties under the Code of Student Conduct.

Others who subject any employee to workplace harassment will be subject to penalties that are appropriate in view of their relationship to the University.

#### **Program**

The University's program for implementing this Policy is contained in the University of Toronto Human Resources Guideline on Civil Conduct, which can be found online at <a href="http://dlrssywz8ozqw.cloudfront.net/wp-content/uploads/sites/34/2016/04/Human-Resources-Civility-Guideline.pdf">http://dlrssywz8ozqw.cloudfront.net/wp-content/uploads/sites/34/2016/04/Human-Resources-Civility-Guideline.pdf</a>, and the University of Toronto Guideline for Employees on Concerns and Complaints Regarding Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment, which can be found online at <a href="http://dlrssywz8ozqw.cloudfront.net/wp-content/uploads/sites/34/2016/04/Guideline-for-Employees-on-Concerns-and-Complaints-Regarding-Prohibited-Discrimination-and-Discriminatory-Harassment.pdf">http://dlrssywz8ozqw.cloudfront.net/wp-content/uploads/sites/34/2016/04/Guideline-for-Employees-on-Concerns-and-Complaints-Regarding-Prohibited-Discrimination-and-Discriminatory-Harassment.pdf</a>.

#### **Related Documents**

In applying this Policy, the University is committed to acting conscientiously and in keeping with applicable legislation as well as its own policies and guidelines. These include, for example:

- Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act
- Ontario Human Rights Code
- University of Toronto Code of Student Conduct
- University of Toronto Guideline for Employees on Concerns and Complaints Regarding Prohibited

Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment

- University of Toronto Human Resources Guideline on Civil Conduct
- University of Toronto Statement on Human Rights
- University of Toronto Statement of Institutional Purpose
- University of Toronto Statement on Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment

#### HUMAN RESOURCES GUIDELINE ON CIVIL CONDUCT

## Updated August 4, 2016

This Guideline sets out the expectations of the University, through its Vice-President, Human Resources and Equity, on behalf of the President, regarding the standard of civil conduct that it trusts that all employees will maintain in their dealings with each other. It is intended to guide Central and divisional Human Resources Offices throughout the University as they respond to situations where it is felt that the standard of civility has not been maintained, and also to assist them as they work with managers and others in communicating expectations.

This Guideline constitutes a Workplace Harassment Program as required by the Occupational Health and Safety Act. The University's Workplace Harassment Program also includes another document called the Guideline for Employees on Concerns and Complaints Regarding Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment, which deals with allegations of workplace harassment that are based upon the prohibited grounds set out in the Human Rights Code, including workplace sexual harassment.

This Guideline describes what constitutes civil and uncivil conduct and sets out a general framework for staff members who are concerned that they have experienced such conduct. The University wishes to maintain a collegial work environment in which all employees behave in a civil manner and treat each other with respect and civility regardless of position or status in the organization. The University will not condone uncivil conduct.

Workplace harassment constitutes uncivil conduct within the meaning of this Guideline. Workplace harassment is defined in the *Occupational Health and Safety Act* as follows [*note these definitions take effect Sept 8, 2016*]:

"workplace harassment" means,

- (a) engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, or
- (b) workplace sexual harassment; ("harcèlement au travail")

"workplace sexual harassment" means,

- (a) engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace because of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression, where the course of comment or conduct is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, or
- (b) making a sexual solicitation or advance where the person making the solicitation or advance is in a position to confer, grant or deny a benefit or advancement to the worker and the person knows or ought reasonably to know that the solicitation or advance is unwelcome;

Allegations of Workplace Sexual Harassment should be brought under the *Guideline for Employees on Concerns and Complaints Regarding Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment*.

Allegations of workplace harassment that are not workplace sexual harassment or based on any other ground prohibited by the Human Rights Code should be brought under the *Human Resources Guideline* on *Civil Conduct*.

In many cases, the determination of whether conduct is civil or uncivil depends on the context. Context can include the activities occurring at the time of the conduct. In an environment as diverse as the University, we must also be mindful of cultural differences that influence behaviour and the interpretation of that behaviour. We must also appreciate that all members of the University community have a right to freedom of speech and expression, in accordance with the University's Policy on Freedom of Speech. The guideline is not intended to infringe on academic freedom including the academic freedoms and responsibilities articulated in article 5 of the Memorandum of Agreement with its faculty members and librarians, but rather to describe conduct expected of all members of the community even when exercising their academic freedom.

#### Civil conduct includes:

- Treating others with dignity, courtesy, respect, politeness and consideration
- Speaking in tones of voice that are appropriate for the circumstances
- Being respectful of others' right to express their views, even if you disagree
- Managing conflict with others in a respectful way rather than a confrontational way

Some examples of behaviour that will generally not be viewed as civil are set out below. Generally, these behaviours will only be in breach of this Guideline if they are part of a pattern of conduct, as opposed to isolated events.

- Shouting
- Profanity, abusive, aggressive or violent language directed at an individual or individuals
- Using props suggestive of violence
- Slamming doors
- Throwing objects
- Humiliating, degrading, demeaning, belittling, insulting, frightening or intimidating another person
- Distributing comments about an individual, whether verbally or in writing, including on-line, that are unjustified and are likely to have a negative impact on the individual if he/she were to see them
- Telling inappropriate jokes

The following are examples of behaviours that are NOT in and of themselves considered uncivil conduct:

- Reasonable management action, taken in accordance with the relevant collective agreement or employment contract where applicable, such as:
  - Meetings, letters or conversations dealing with performance management, attendance management, coaching
  - Instructions given by a supervisor/manager such as what to do, how to do it, the expected standard of performance
  - Disciplinary action
  - Denial of leave requests
  - Requests for documentation to substantiate requests for leave
- Comments made in the context of peer review processes
- Differences of opinion or debate conveyed in a respectful manner
- Interpersonal conflicts where the parties remain respectful of one another

This Guideline does not apply to concerns of discrimination or discriminatory harassment that are dealt with under the Policy on Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment, the Policy and Procedures:

Sexual Harassment, or the Guidelines on Complaints Regarding Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment, although concepts of civility underlie each of these Policies/Guidelines.

#### Where to go if you have a concern/complaint

The first step, whenever possible, is to approach the person whose conduct is at issue. That person may not be aware of how his/her behaviour is affecting you or others and should be given an early opportunity to change his/her behaviour.

If discussion with the person in question does not resolve the issue or if, for some reason, such discussion is not appropriate, you are encouraged to discuss concerns regarding uncivil behaviour with the administrative officer responsible for the department or division in which the incident is alleged to have occurred. If, for some reason, this is not appropriate (for example, if your concern/complaint is against the administrative officer responsible for the department or division in which your concerns arose), you may wish to speak to someone at a more senior level of the department or division or a human resources representative. Administrators in the department/division should seek advice in a confidential way from their human resources office and/or an equity office to assist in determining the appropriate course of action.

If you require assistance in raising a complaint, you are encouraged to discuss the issue with the manager/director of any human resources office, whether or not it is the HR office for your own division. The HR manager/director can assist you in determining such matters as whether there is an

issue that should be raised, how to raise it, with whom to raise it, and the range of resolutions that might be possible.

If the behaviour that you are concerned about relates to a ground of discrimination under the Ontario Human Rights Code, you should consult the Human Resources Guideline on Complaints Regarding Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment. If you require assistance in determining where your complaint falls, you may wish to speak with a human resources manager/director or one of the equity offices listed at [web address].

The University makes the following commitments:

- Your concerns will be heard.
- You will be given assistance in determining whether or not your concerns can be processed under this Guideline or whether some other process is more appropriate.
- If your concerns do not fall under this Guideline, you will be given advice regarding how you might pursue those concerns.
- You will be given assistance in determining whether or not you wish to pursue a complaint.
- You will be told of other resources that might be of assistance to you in the circumstances.
- You will be told who will have primary responsibility for the complaint if you decide to go forward with it. You will be advised if at any stage responsibility for the complaint is transferred to another party.
- If your complaint alleges a violation of this Guideline, you will be advised of the type of investigation that will be undertaken, the scope of the investigation, and the process that will be followed.
- Information obtained by the University and any investigator about an incident or complaint
  of uncivil conduct, including identifying information about any individuals involved, will not
  be disclosed unless the disclosure is necessary for the purposes of investigating or taking
  corrective action with respect to the incident or complaint, or is otherwise required by law.
- Respondents to complaints will be provided with procedural fairness and the University will take their interests into account so as to minimize any risk of reputational or other impact while the complaint is being assessed and dealt with in a confidential manner.
- You and any individuals who you have said engaged in uncivil conduct will be advised in
  writing in a timely manner of the results of an investigation and any corrective action that
  has been taken or will be taken as a result of the investigation, although you may not be
  advised of the details of any sanction against any other party.

#### **Responsibility of Complainant**

You have a responsibility to bring your complaint forward as soon as reasonably possible, so that it can be dealt with in a timely manner.

In the event of an investigation, you will have a responsibility to provide sufficient details to allow the person(s) against whom you are making a complaint to be able to respond to the complaint. In most cases where an investigation is to be done, you will be expected to particularize your complaint in writing.

You have a responsibility to respect confidentiality and to respect the other steps taken by the University to assist in maintaining both procedural fairness and a fair working environment for both you and the respondent while the complaint is being assessed. Please note that your obligation to respect confidentiality does not restrict you from seeking support and discussing your concerns in confidence with one or more support person(s).

## Responsibility for a complaint

Primary responsibility for your complaint will rest with one office. That office will be responsible for tracking your complaint until its resolution. Responsibility for your complaint will initially rest with the office to which you directed the complaint. However, it may ultimately be transferred to another office, such as the division/department in which the complaint arose, an equity office, or your human resources department. If the University is of the view that your complaint more appropriately falls within an existing procedure, responsibility for your complaint will be in accordance with that procedure.

Some employees are covered by collective agreements that deal with the subject of civil conduct. In such a case, the collective agreement provisions govern to the extent of any inconsistency with this Guideline.

Both the complainant and respondent will be kept informed regarding which office has primary responsibility for processing the complaint.

Regardless of who has responsibility for the complaint, departments and human resources offices that receive complaints about uncivil conduct are expected to contact the applicable equity office to discuss the equity considerations, if any, before advising you as to what next steps may be. Departments are also expected to contact their human resources office.

Ultimately, the department/division will need to be involved in the implementation of any resolution. Accordingly, you need to be aware that a complaint can only proceed with the involvement of the department/division.

## **Investigating the Complaint**

The investigation of a complaint under this Guideline may proceed through one of several different mechanisms, depending upon contextual factors such as the subject-matter of the complaint and the parties involved in the complaint.

As described above with respect to protection of information from disclosure, efforts are made to provide appropriate protection of the confidentiality of information obtained during the investigation process. However, anonymity is not possible since in almost all cases the respondent will need to know who is making the allegations, and others will need to know certain basic information in order to process the complaint.

It should be understood that the word "investigation" does not necessarily involve a fullscale, complex inquiry. Often, informal inquiries and discussion, with the views of the parties being solicited and assessed, will be sufficient.

#### **Informal Resolution**

In many cases, matters of uncivil conduct will be resolved through discussions between the parties with the assistance of a manager.

#### **Resolution of Complaint:**

Resolutions to complaints involving uncivil conduct vary greatly, depending on such factors as the subject-matter of the complaint, the part of the University community of which the Complainant and Respondent are members (e.g., student, staff, visitor, contractor), and the specific policies and contracts applicable in the circumstances (e.g., Student Code of Conduct, Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters, Sexual Harassment Policy, employment policies, collective agreements).

Generally speaking, if a complaint is found to be substantiated it will result in some remedial action involving the respondent.

The University may request or require that one or more of the parties participate in processes including the following: training, coaching, mediation, or facilitation.

## If you are not satisfied with the resolution of a complaint

The available channels if you are not satisfied with the resolution of your complaint depend on the policies, contracts or other documents that govern your relationship with the University and the relationship of others involved in the complaint. You should speak with the office that had responsibility for your complaint to determine what avenues are available in your circumstances.

Should a complaint result in disciplinary action against an employee that individual will have access to the normal grievance or other processes available to him or her under the applicable memorandum of agreement, collective agreement, policy, or other terms of employment.

## Reprisals

There will be no reprisals against persons who, in good faith, bring forward a complaint or otherwise take action under this Guideline. Reprisals may be the subject of a complaint under this Guideline.

## Vexatious or bad faith complaints

There may be penalties or sanctions for bringing forward concerns or complaints under this Guideline in bad faith or that are vexatious.

# Other processes

The University reserves the right to not proceed under this Guideline or to stop any process that has started under this Guideline if before a resolution has been reached another process is engaged regarding the same subject matter, including the filing of a grievance, an application under the Human Rights Code or any other legal process.

## **Annual review**

This Guideline will be reviewed at least annually.

# GUIDELINE FOR EMPLOYEES ON CONCERNS AND COMPLAINTS REGARDING PROHIBITED DISCRIMINATION AND DISCRIMINATORY HARASSMENT

Updated August 4, 2016

The University is committed to upholding the Ontario Human Rights Code and the Occupational Health and Safety Act. This Guideline describes what constitutes prohibited discrimination and discriminatory harassment and sets out a process for employees who are concerned that they have experienced discrimination and/or discriminatory harassment.

This Guideline supplements the existing Statement on Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment found on the Governing Council website at:

http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/Assets/Governing+Council+Digital+Assets/Policies/PDF/ppma r311994.pdf, and also constitutes a Workplace Harassment Program as required by the Occupational Health and Safety Act. The University's Workplace Harassment Program also includes another document called the Human Resources Guideline on Civil Conduct, which deals with allegations of workplace harassment that are not based upon the prohibited grounds set out in the Human Rights Code.

Allegations of workplace sexual harassment will be addressed under this Guideline.

This Guideline applies to all employees of the University of Toronto while in the course of their duties or at work-related events, whether on or off University property.

## 1. What are Prohibited Discrimination and Discriminatory Harassment?

The meanings of the terms "discrimination" and "discriminatory harassment" as they are used in this Guideline are taken from the Ontario Human Rights Code (the "Code"). Under the Code, every person has a right to equal treatment in employment without discrimination because of "race, ancestry, place of origin, colour, ethnic origin, citizenship, creed, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, age, record of offences, marital status, family status, or disability." Each of these terms is defined in the Code. (See Appendix "A" for relevant Code provisions).

Under the Code, every person who is an employee also has the right to freedom from harassment in the workplace by the employer or a person working for or on behalf of the employer, or by another employee because of any of the prohibited grounds listed above. Harassment is defined in the Code as "engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome" and that is based upon one of the prohibited grounds. A similar definition of harassment is set out in the *Occupational Health and Safety Act* ("OHSA"). (See Appendix "B" for relevant OHSA provisions).

Harassment by students at the University is also prohibited by the *Code of Student Conduct*. Harassment by employees is also prohibited under their terms and conditions of employment. Some employees are covered by collective agreements that deal with the subject of discrimination and discriminatory harassment. In the case of any inconsistency between the collective agreement and this Guideline, the collective agreement provisions govern to the extent of the inconsistency.

If you are concerned about conduct that is not based on one of the prohibited grounds of discrimination listed above, your concern may be more appropriately dealt with under the process outlined in the *Human Resources Guideline on Civil Conduct* ("Civility Guidelines"). Under the Civility Guidelines, you may access the same offices/resources listed under this Guideline to discuss the matter and find possible ways to resolve your concern.

# 2. What should I do if I have a concern or complaint about discrimination and/or discriminatory harassment?

This Guideline uses the terms "concern" and "complaint" to refer to two separate but often sequential ways in which issues may be raised for resolution. The term "concern" means something you are raising in an informal way, often in the hopes of reaching early resolution. The term "complaint" refers to a more formal, written expression of a concern that has not been resolved at an early stage. A concern may or may not develop into a complaint. However, an issue that becomes a complaint should in almost every case have been raised first as a concern.

You should raise your concern as early as possible. Delays in raising a concern may hinder the parties' ability to effectively resolve the matter.

When you begin developing a concern, it is recommended that you keep notes of specific incidents, including when and where they occurred and the parties involved, as well as relevant documents.

There are a variety of resources for dealing with concerns and complaints that are set out in more detail further below. On the next page is a flow chart that provides an overview of the available options and resources.

[CHART]

## 2(a) Where to go if you have a concern

Concerns about discrimination and discriminatory harassment may be resolved informally, as outlined in this section. In order for a concern to be resolved, it will usually have to be raised with the individual(s) who you believe engaged in discrimination/harassment. In appropriate cases, you should speak to that person yourself. That person may simply not be aware of how his/her behaviour is affecting you or others and should be given an early opportunity to change his/her behaviour. Thus an informal resolution will usually involve some type of discussion (ideally direct but possibly indirect) between you and the individual(s) who you believe engaged in discriminatory/harassing conduct.

Before and during such discussions you may consult with an equity officer and/or your human resources department. In some cases senior administrators in the applicable University department may also be involved in reaching an informal resolution. If the informal efforts described in this section do not resolve your concern, you may wish to file a complaint as described in the next section of this Guideline.

When you first become concerned about the conduct of another member of the University community, one key resource that you may wish to consult is an equity office. You can consult with an equity office

throughout the stages described in this Guideline. The University's equity offices are staffed by officers who have expertise in different equity areas, who can help you figure out such things as whether your concern falls under this Guideline or another process, what steps to take to resolve your concern, and how to express your concern. You may meet confidentially with the equity offices without making any commitment to pursuing the concern (although, as noted below, the University may decide to pursue issues raised in your concern even if you choose not to pursue it as a formal complaint). The equity offices that deal with complaints based on prohibited grounds under the Code are listed at [web address].

Another place that you could begin and from which you could seek advice at any stage of the processes set out in this Guideline is your human resources office.

If your concern involves a concern for your safety, you should contact the Community Safety Office at 416-978-1485.

If discussion with the individual(s) who you believe engaged in discrimination/harassment does not resolve the issue or if, for some reason, you believe such discussion is not appropriate, you are encouraged to discuss your concern with the administrative officer responsible for the department or division in which your concerns arose, or someone at a more senior level of the department or division (for example, if your concern/complaint is against the administrative officer responsible for the department or division in which your concerns arose). That person may be able to assist in resolving your concern.

## 2(b) Filing a complaint

If your concern has not been resolved informally despite you meeting with one or more of the offices/individuals described in the section above, you have the option of filing a formal complaint. This involves setting your complaint in writing and delivering it to an equity office or your human resources office. At that point, your complaint will be recorded and tracked by the University until it is resolved. You should file your complaint as soon as possible (if you have attempted informal resolution and that has not been successful, you should file your complaint as soon as possible after the informal efforts at resolution have concluded). Failure to file a complaint in a timely manner may affect the University's ability to proceed.

A written complaint must specify the individual(s) who you believe engaged in discrimination/harassment, and details of the conduct that gave rise to your complaint and the remedy requested. It should include a description, dates and location of events or situations. It should also include the name of any witnesses. The written complaint must be in sufficient detail for the appropriate University officers (usually senior administrators in consultation with others including HR and equity officers) to make decisions including the type and scope of investigation that is appropriate, and what other steps should be taken to resolve the situation. The person handling your complaint may contact you to clarify or obtain additional details on your complaint and/or to narrow the issues where appropriate.

#### 2(c) A University Complaint

In exceptional circumstances, the University may decide to pursue issues that you have raised as either a concern or complaint, even if you choose not to pursue them. For example, this might be the case if several people have raised similar concerns in one department, suggesting that there is a broader issue that the University needs to address beyond your particular concerns.

### 2(d) If a complaint has been made against you

If a complaint has been made about you, you have a right to be notified of the fact that the complaint has been made, you will be given sufficient details to enable you to respond to the allegation(s), and you will be given an opportunity to respond. You will in most cases have a right to identify others who you think should be interviewed. You will also be entitled to produce any other evidence you believe to be relevant.

If you require information or advice at any stage of the complaint process you may access any or all of the following resources: the applicable equity office, your divisional human resources office, or the Employee and Family Assistance Program. If you and the person making the complaint about you are both represented by the same divisional human resources office, you may choose to seek advice from a different divisional HR office. You will be advised in writing of the outcome of the investigation and corrective action, if any, in a timely fashion.

Once you have been notified that a complaint has been made against you, it is advisable to create and keep written notes about the events at issue and maintain relevant written documents.

#### 3. Responsibility for Dealing with Your Concern/Complaint

Primary responsibility for dealing with your concern/complaint will rest with one office, and you will be informed at all times of which office has responsibility. That office will be responsible for tracking your concern/complaint until its resolution. Responsibility for your concern/complaint will initially rest with the office to which you directed the concern or complaint. However, the University may ultimately transfer responsibility to another office, such as the division/department in which the complaint arose, or another equity office, or the human resources department. If the University is of the view that your concern/complaint more appropriately falls within a different procedure than that set out in this Guideline, responsibility for your concern/complaint will be in accordance with that procedure.

The fact that one particular office has responsibility for your complaint does not prevent you from discussing the matter with the other offices that may be involved. For example, you may always seek advice from an equity office even if it does not have responsibility for your concern/complaint.

Regardless of who has responsibility for the concern/complaint, departments and human resources offices that receive a concern/complaint about issues of discrimination or discriminatory harassment are expected to contact the applicable equity office(s) to discuss the equity considerations before advising you as to what next steps may be.

Ultimately, the department/division will need to be involved in the resolution of any complaint. Accordingly, you need to be aware that a concern/complaint can only proceed with the involvement of administrators in the applicable work unit.

## 4. Investigating the Concern/Complaint

The decision of what type of investigation is required, and the scope of that investigation will be made by the University, usually by senior administrators in consultation with others including HR and equity officers.

If a decision is made by the University to investigate a concern/complaint, the specific process that is followed will depend upon contextual factors such as the subject-matter of the concern/complaint, the complexity of the complaint, and the parties involved. For purposes of this Guideline it is important to understand that the term "investigation" applies to any inquiries designed to ascertain relevant facts. This could mean anything from the equity officer asking some questions of you and the party against whom your complaint is made, to a larger scale investigation that could involve many witnesses and documents. The scope of the investigation in any particular case depends on factors such as the type and scope of the allegations, the number of parties who are alleged to be involved and the relationship of those parties to the University. The scope also depends upon whether the investigation involves a concern or a complaint. Generally, at the concern stage the equity officer, human resources office or administrator may make some inquiries, but a larger scale investigation would not occur unless the concern were to progress to a written complaint that the University feels warrants such an investigation. All employees are expected to cooperate with an investigation under this Guideline.

As described below with respect to protection of information from disclosure, efforts are made to provide appropriate protection of the confidentiality of information obtained during the investigation process. However, anonymity is not possible. In almost all cases the person(s) against whom allegations of discrimination or discriminatory harassment have been made will need to know who is making the allegations in order to respond, and others will need to know information in order to process and respond to the complaint.

Both the complainant and the person(s) against whom a complaint is made will be entitled to invite one support person to accompany them to investigation interviews. This person may be a representative from the employee's union. The support person's role will be limited to support and that person will not be permitted to speak on behalf of the person being interviewed.

## **5. Resolution of Concern/Complaint:**

Potential resolutions of your concern/complaint vary greatly, depending on such factors as the subject matter of the concern/complaint, the part of the University community of which the individuals involved are members (e.g., student, staff, visitor, contractor), and the specific policies and contracts applicable in the circumstances (e.g., Student Code of Conduct, employment policies, collective agreements, employment contracts and contracts with independent contractors).

You will be advised of whether your concern/complaint is found to be substantiated or not. If it is found to be unsubstantiated it will be dismissed.

Generally speaking, if a concern/complaint is found to be substantiated, steps will be taken to address the conduct that has occurred and to prevent recurrence. For example, there may be sanctions against, or remedial action involving the individual(s) who engaged in act(s) of discrimination or discriminatory harassment. The resolution will be monitored as appropriate.

Whether or not the concern/complaint is found to be substantiated, the University may request or require that one or more of the parties participate in processes including the following: training, coaching, or facilitation.

At any time during the processes described in this Guideline the University may offer mediation as a method of reaching resolution. Mediation will be conducted by an appropriate individual selected by the University from inside or outside the University.

## 6. University Commitment

In respect of your concern/complaint, the University makes the following commitments:

- Your issues will be heard and taken seriously.
- You will be given assistance to determine whether or not your concern/complaint should be processed under this Guideline or whether some other process is more appropriate.
- If your concern/complaint does not fall under this Guideline, you will be given advice regarding how you might pursue it or assistance in resolving it.
- You will be given assistance in determining the next step you may wish to take to resolve your concern/complaint.
- You will be advised of the next step(s) that the University plans to take in order to move your concern/complaint toward resolution.
- You will be told of other resources that might be of assistance to you in the circumstances.
- You will be told which office at the University will have primary responsibility for handling your concern/complaint. You will be advised if at any stage responsibility for your matter is transferred to another office.
- If your complaint alleges a violation of this Guideline, you will be advised of the type of investigation that will be undertaken, the scope of the investigation, and the process that will be followed.
- Information obtained by the University and any investigator about an incident or complaint
  of discrimination/harassment, including identifying information about any individuals
  involved, will not be disclosed unless the disclosure is necessary for the purposes of
  investigating or taking corrective action with respect to the incident or complaint, or is
  otherwise required by law.
- You and other individuals involved in the concern/complaint will be provided with a fair process.

You and any individuals who you have said engaged in discriminatory/harassing conduct will
be advised in writing in a timely manner of the results of an investigation and any corrective
action that has been taken or will be taken as a result of the investigation, although you
may not be advised of the details of any sanction against any other party.

#### 7. If you are not satisfied with the resolution of a complaint

The available channels if you are not satisfied with the resolution of a complaint depend on the policies, contracts or other documents that govern your relationship with the University and the relationship to the University of others involved. For example, a unionized or confidential employee may file a grievance in accordance with the applicable collective agreement/employment policy. Employees in the professional/managerial or Research Associate groups may use the applicable Problem Resolution policies. Members of UTFA may file a grievance. You should speak with the office that had responsibility for your concern/complaint to determine what avenues are available in your circumstances.

The Office of the Ombudsperson is also available to provide assistance in certain circumstances. Information on the scope of the Office of the Ombudsperson and how to contact the Office is available online at http://www.utoronto.ca/ombudsperson/.

## 8. Application under Ontario Human Rights Code

At any stage of this Guideline members of the University community retain the right to bring an application directly to the Human Rights Tribunal of Ontario in accordance with the provisions of the Code.

#### 9. Reprisals

There will be no reprisals against persons who, in good faith, bring forward a concern or complaint or otherwise take action under this Guideline. Reprisals may be the subject of a complaint under this Guideline.

#### 10. Vexatious or bad faith complaints

There may be penalties or sanctions for bringing forward concerns or complaints under this Guideline in bad faith or that are vexatious.

#### 11. Other processes

The University reserves the right to not proceed under this Guideline or to stop any process that has started under this Guideline if before a resolution has been reached another process is engaged regarding the same subject matter, including the filing of a grievance, an application under the Human Rights Code, or any other legal process.

#### 12. Annual review

This Guideline will be reviewed at least annually.

Appendix "A"

## **Human Rights Code**

(June 2016)

## **Employment**

5. (1) Every person has a right to equal treatment with respect to employment without discrimination because of race, ancestry, place of origin, colour, ethnic origin, citizenship, creed, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, age, record of offences, marital status, family status or disability. R.S.O. 1990, c. H.19, s. 5 (1); 1999, c. 6, s. 28 (5); 2001, c. 32, s. 27 (1); 2005, c. 5, s. 32 (5); 2012, c. 7, s. 4 (1).

#### Harassment in employment

(2) Every person who is an employee has a right to freedom from harassment in the workplace by the employer or agent of the employer or by another employee because of race, ancestry, place of origin, colour, ethnic origin, citizenship, creed, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, age, record of offences, marital status, family status or disability. R.S.O. 1990, c. H.19, s. 5 (2); 1999, c. 6, s. 28 (6); 2001, c. 32, s. 27 (1); 2005, c. 5, s. 32 (6); 2012, c. 7, s. 4 (2).

#### Sexual harassment

# Harassment because of sex in workplaces

7. (2) Every person who is an employee has a right to freedom from harassment in the workplace because of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression by his or her employer or agent of the employer or by another employee. R.S.O. 1990, c. H.19, s. 7 (2); 2012, c. 7, s. 6 (2).

#### Sexual solicitation by a person in position to confer benefit, etc.

- (3) Every person has a right to be free from,
- (a) a sexual solicitation or advance made by a person in a position to confer, grant or deny a benefit or advancement to the person where the person making the solicitation or advance knows or ought reasonably to know that it is unwelcome; or
- (b) a reprisal or a threat of reprisal for the rejection of a sexual solicitation or advance where the reprisal is made or threatened by a person in a position to confer, grant or deny a benefit or advancement to the person.

## **Reprisals**

8. Every person has a right to claim and enforce his or her rights under this Act, to institute and participate in proceedings under this Act and to refuse to infringe a right of another person under this Act, without reprisal or threat of reprisal for so doing.

#### **Definitions**

10. (1)

"age" means an age that is 18 years or more; ("âge")

"disability" means,

- (a) any degree of physical disability, infirmity, malformation or disfigurement that is caused by bodily injury, birth defect or illness and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, includes diabetes mellitus, epilepsy, a brain injury, any degree of paralysis, amputation, lack of physical co-ordination, blindness or visual impediment, deafness or hearing impediment, muteness or speech impediment, or physical reliance on a guide dog or other animal or on a wheelchair or other remedial appliance or device,
- (b) a condition of mental impairment or a developmental disability,
- (c) a learning disability, or a dysfunction in one or more of the processes involved in understanding or using symbols or spoken language,
- (d) a mental disorder, or
- (e) an injury or disability for which benefits were claimed or received under the insurance plan established under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997; ("handicap")

"equal" means subject to all requirements, qualifications and considerations that are not a prohibited ground of discrimination; ("égal")

"family status" means the status of being in a parent and child relationship; ("état familial")

"harassment" means engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome; ("harcèlement")

"marital status" means the status of being married, single, widowed, divorced or separated and includes the status of living with a person in a conjugal relationship outside marriage; ("état matrimonial")

"record of offences" means a conviction for,

- (a) an offence in respect of which a pardon has been granted under the Criminal Records Act (Canada) and has not been revoked, or
- (b) an offence in respect of any provincial enactment; ("casier judiciaire")

## Appendix "B"

# Occupational Health and Safety Act [definitions to take effect Sept 8, 2016]

"workplace harassment" means,

- (a) engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, or
- (b) workplace sexual harassment;

"workplace sexual harassment" means,

- (a) engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace because of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression, where the course of comment or conduct is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, or
- (b) making a sexual solicitation or advance where the person making the solicitation or advance is in a position to confer, grant or deny a benefit or advancement to the worker and the person knows or ought reasonably to know that the solicitation or advance is unwelcome;